

Agenda

- Community Engagement & Design Input Process
- Justice & Equity in Design
- 3 Public Realm
- 4 Massing & Exterior Design
- 5 Interior Public Spaces
- 6 Interior Spaces
- ⁷ Q&A

Brooklyn

Community Engagement & Design Input Process

BROOKLYN FACILITY DESIGN ENGAGEMENT PROCESS

A) (Past Event) Community introductory meeting for the Brooklyn Facility

- Date: July 27, 2023
- **Purpose:** Introduce the selected Design-Build team, review previous community design input, and share the upcoming community design input plan.
- Presentation and video recording of the meeting are available on the BBJ website: <u>www.rikers.cityofnewyork.us</u>



- Dates:
 - Workshop I September 7, 2023 (+ online feedback period 9/8-9/13)
 - Workshop II October 2, 2023 (+ online feedback period 10/3-10/11)
 - Community Board 2 Land Use Committee October 18, 2023
- **Purpose:** Receive and incorporate community input before PDC Conceptual Review
- Presentation and video recording of past meetings are available on the BBJ website: www.rikers.cityofnewyork.us

C) One community design workshop and one Community Board 2 presentation

- Estimated Date: Winter 2024
- Purpose: Receive and incorporate community input before PDC Preliminary Review

D) One additional community presentation

- Estimated Date: Spring 2024
- Purpose: To report back before PDC Final Review to show how community feedback was incorporated

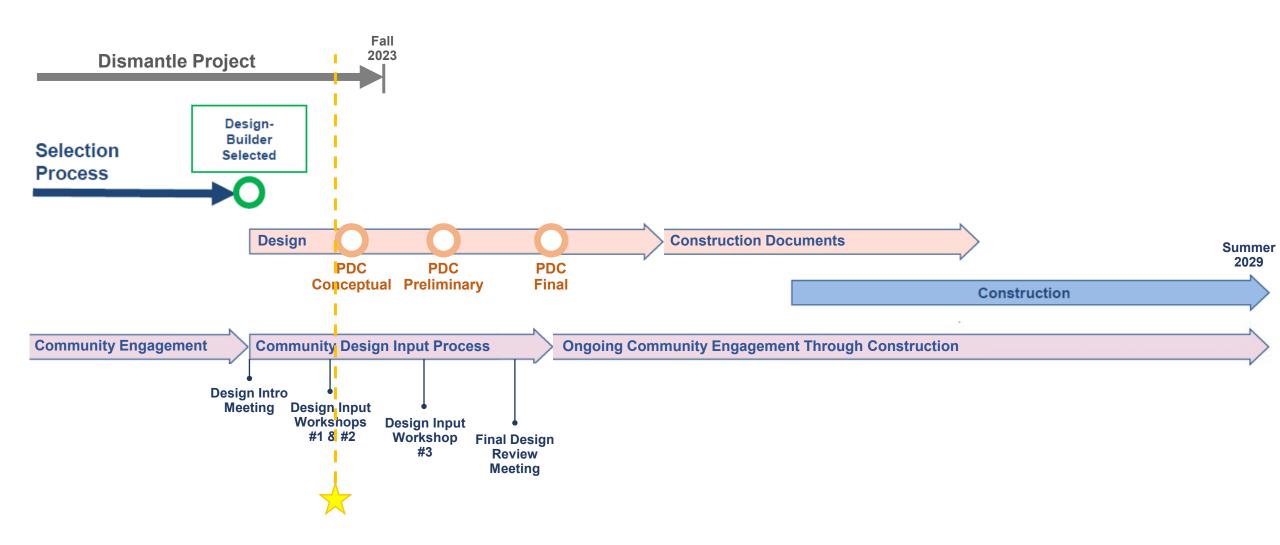








BBJ DESIGN-BUILD & ENGAGEMENT PROCESS



COMMUNITY RESOURCES DURING CONSTRUCTION



BBJ Website https://rikers.cityofnewyork.us/



Designated Phone Number



Weekly Look Ahead



72-Hour Advisories for Impactful Construction Activities



Community Construction Liaison & Field Office

Lucien Allen Brooklyn BBJ CCL (917) 270-2370 / BrooklynCCL@bbjnyc.com 360 Atlantic Avenue Monday – Friday 7:00am - 3:30pm





Brooklyn

Justice & Equity in Design

DESIGNING FOR EQUITY

DESIGN BUILDINGS AND SPACES WHERE ALL HUMAN **NEEDS ARE MET IN AN EQUITABLE AND SUSTAINABLE** MANNER.

FOSTER COMMUNITIES WHERE ALL PEOPLE HAVE EQUAL ACCESS TO SHELTER, HEALTH AND NATURE.

DESIGN SPACES THAT ENRICH AND INSPIRE ALL PEOPLE.



WAREHOUSE

VISITORS

DESIGNING FOR THE COMMUNITY

THESE ENVIRONMENTS SHOULD IN ALL AREAS BE HUMANE, ENRICHING AND CONVEY A SENSE OF SECURITY FOR ALL OF ITS OCCUPANTS AND THE COMMUNITY

BROOKLYN RESIDENTS

NEIGHBORHOOD RESIDENTS

LOCAL USERS

FAMILIES



DESIGNING FOR WELL-BEING



Throughout the facility, people feel physically and psychologically safe



COLLABORATION

Participants work together to make determinations on programs, schedule and activities that affect people in the space



Decisions are made with transparency and with the goal of building and maintaining trust



EMPOWERMENT

People's strengths are recognized, built on, and validated – this includes a belief in resilience and the ability to heal from trauma

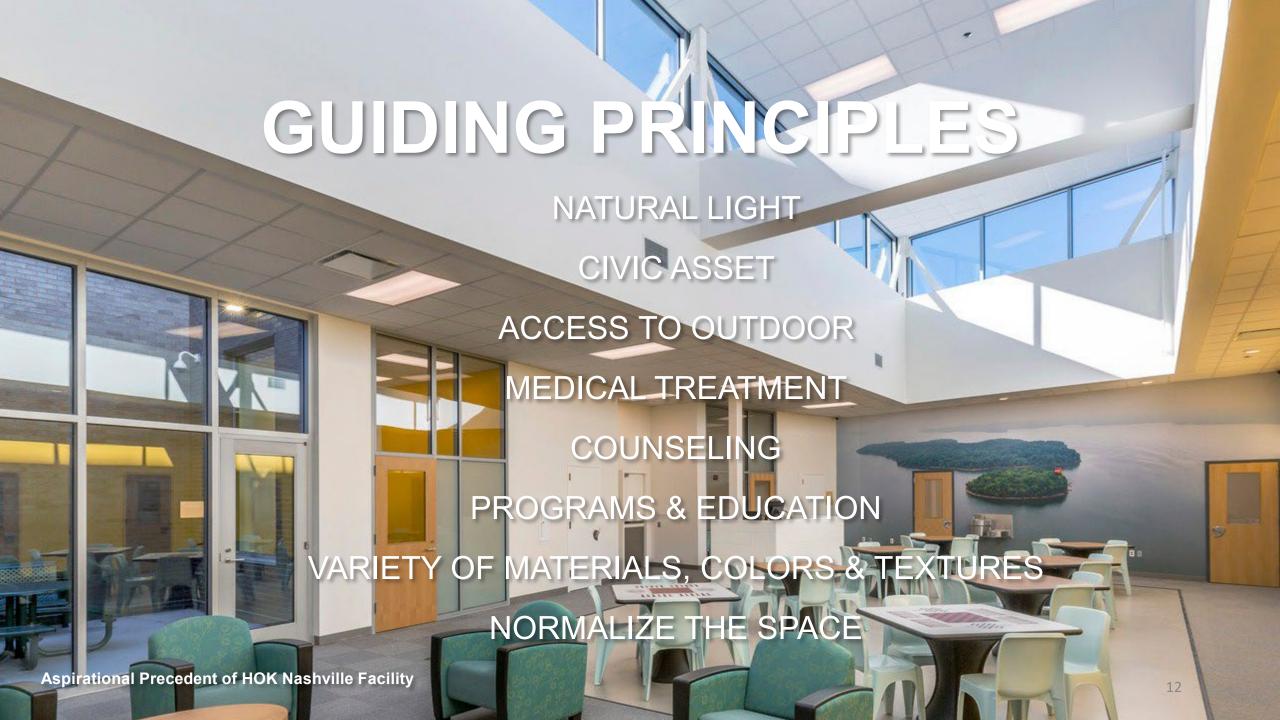


Individuals with shared experiences are integrated into the organization and viewed as integral to service delivery



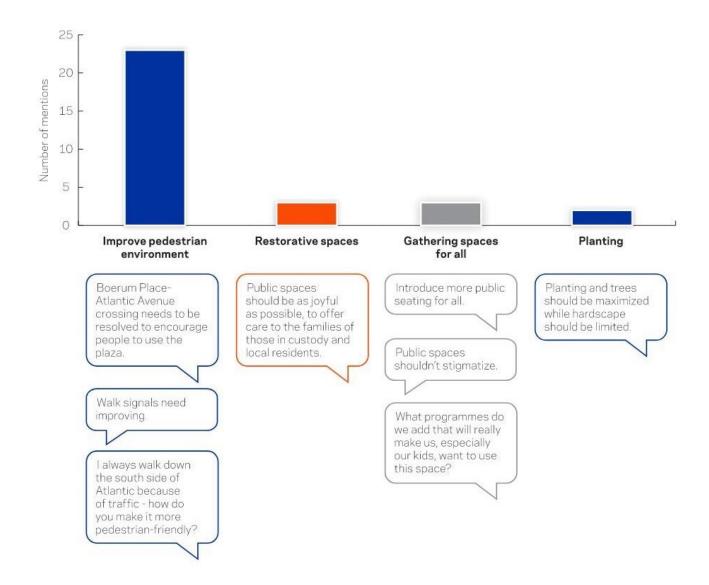
RESPONSIVENESS

Biases and stereotypes (e.g., based on race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, age, geography) and historical trauma are recognized and addressed

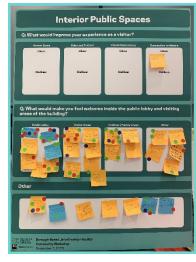


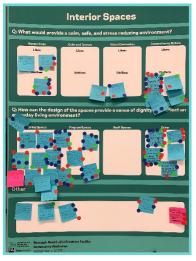


FEEDBACK ANALYSIS METHODOLOGY







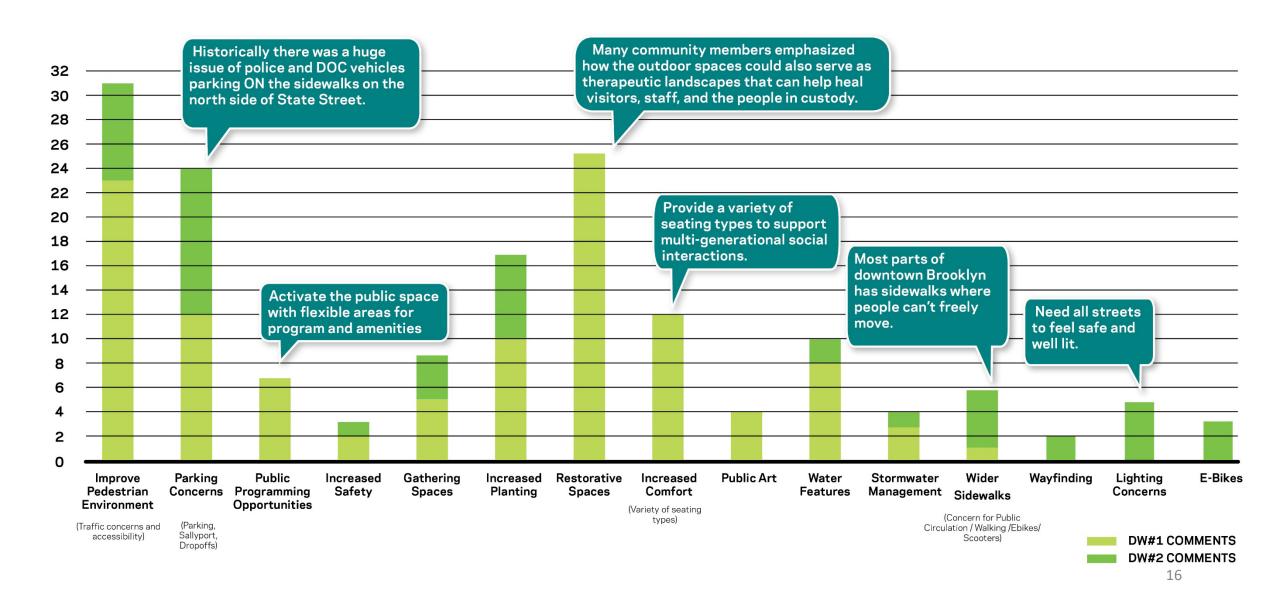




Brooklyn

Public Realm

WHAT WE HEARD – PUBLIC REALM



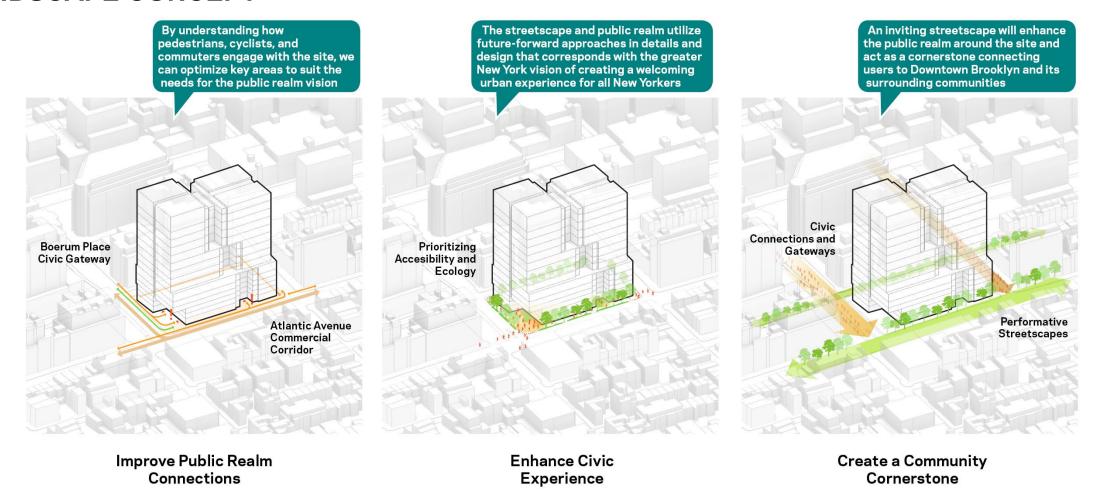
WHAT WE HEARD – IMPLEMENTING KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Many ideas were raised about how the pedestrian environment could be improved and activated.
- Provide a variety of seating and program elements to support multi-generational social interactions.
- Many community members emphasized how the outdoor spaces could also serve as therapeutic landscapes that can help heal visitors, staff, and the people in custody.
- Ensure wider clear paths specifically along Atlantic Avenue.

WHAT WE HEARD – STUDYING KEY TAKEAWAYS

- **Traffic** was one of the main concerns identified with the existing public realm. This was a particular concern at the intersection of Atlantic Avenue and Boerum Place, where there has been a history of high-speed collisions.
- More clarity was requested regarding the location of pedestrian and vehicular entrances and exits - for staff, Department of Correction, and people in custody.
- Many community members emphasized how they would like to integrate rain gardens, bioswales, and permeable paving systems that require minimal maintenance.

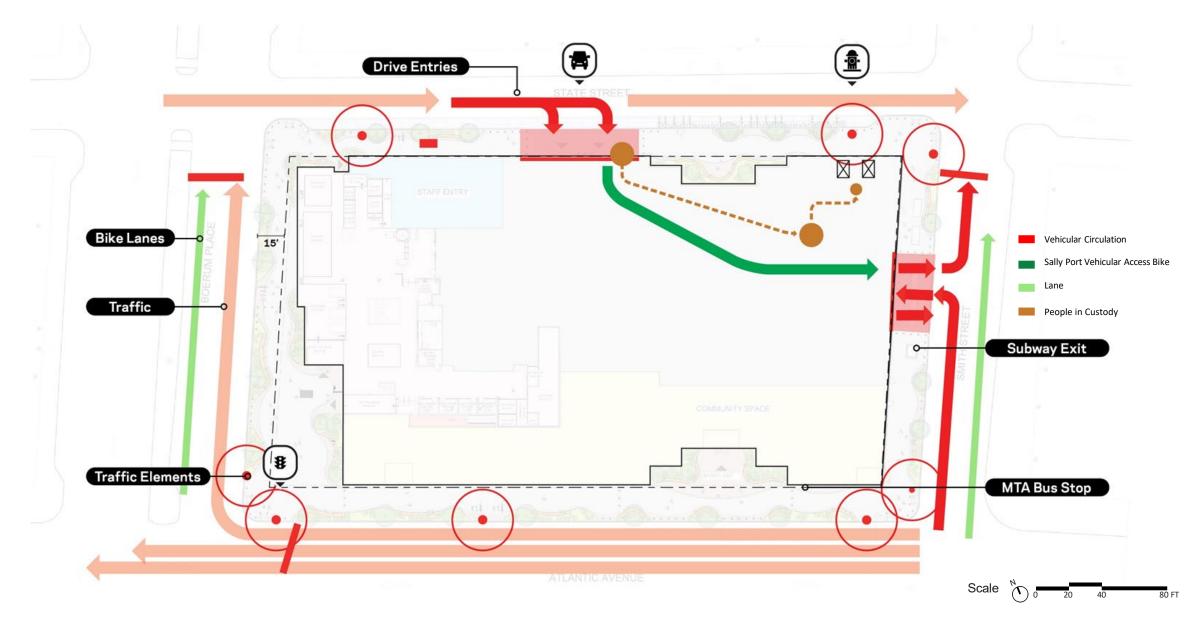
LANDSCAPE CONCEPT



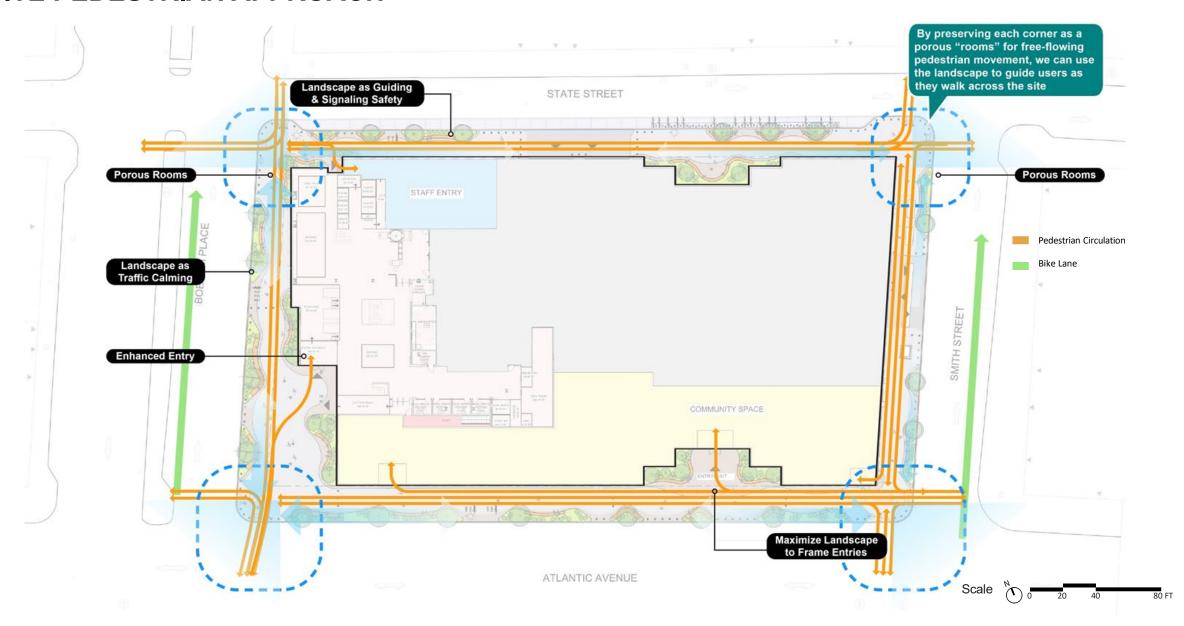
SITE PLAN



CIRCULATION PLAN & VEHICULAR FLOW



SITE PEDESTRIAN APPROACH



SITE DESIGN - PLAZA



DOWNTOWN BROOKLYN STREET TREES

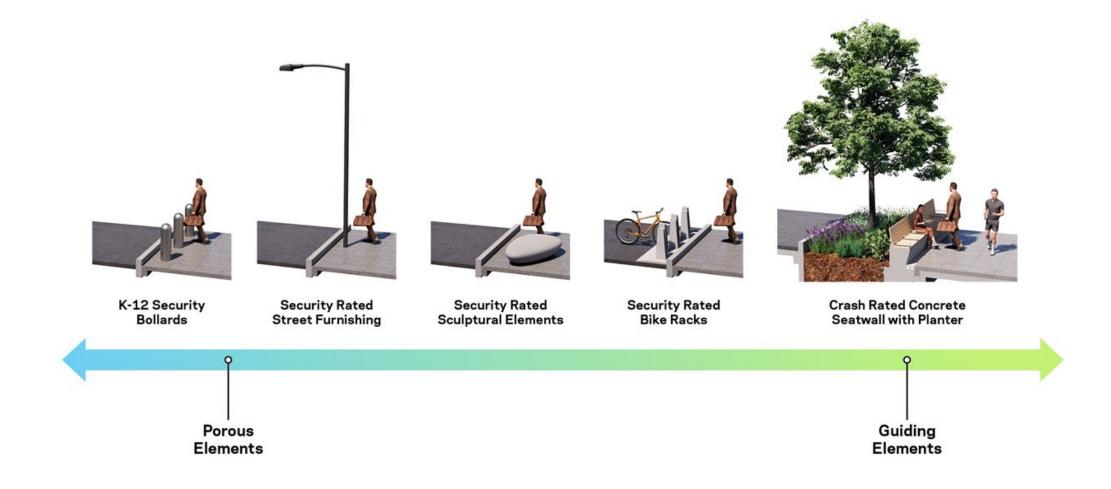
We're exploring how to create a continuous urban public realm experience by embracing the Downtown Brooklyn street tree bed and landscape design





Fulton Street Hoyt Street

SECURITY DESIGN TOOLKIT



SITE MATERIALS PALETTE



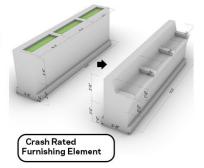
SITE MATERIALS PALETTE















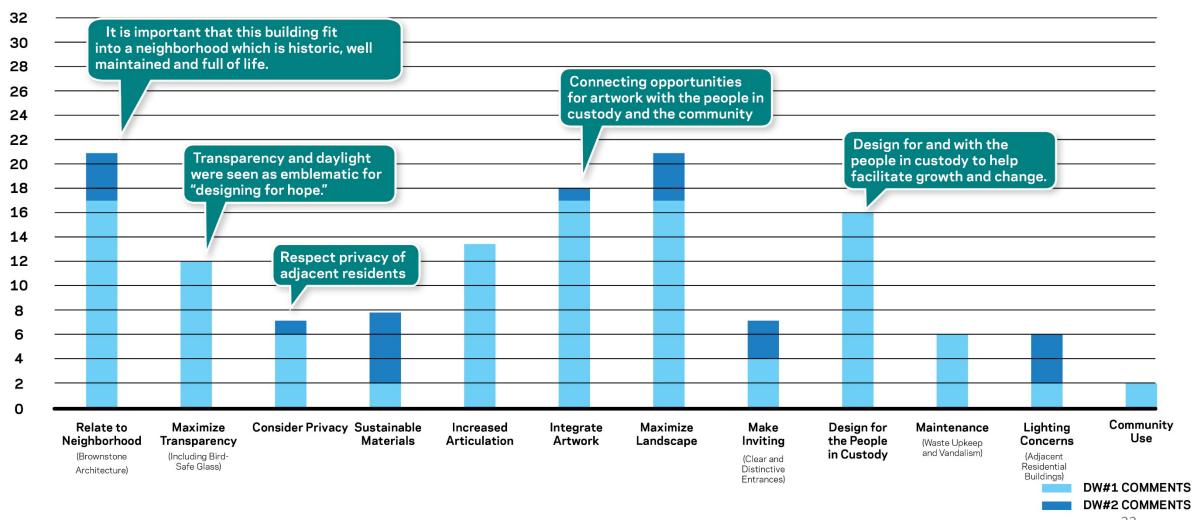




Brooklyn

Massing & Exterior Design

WHAT WE HEARD – ARCHITECTURE



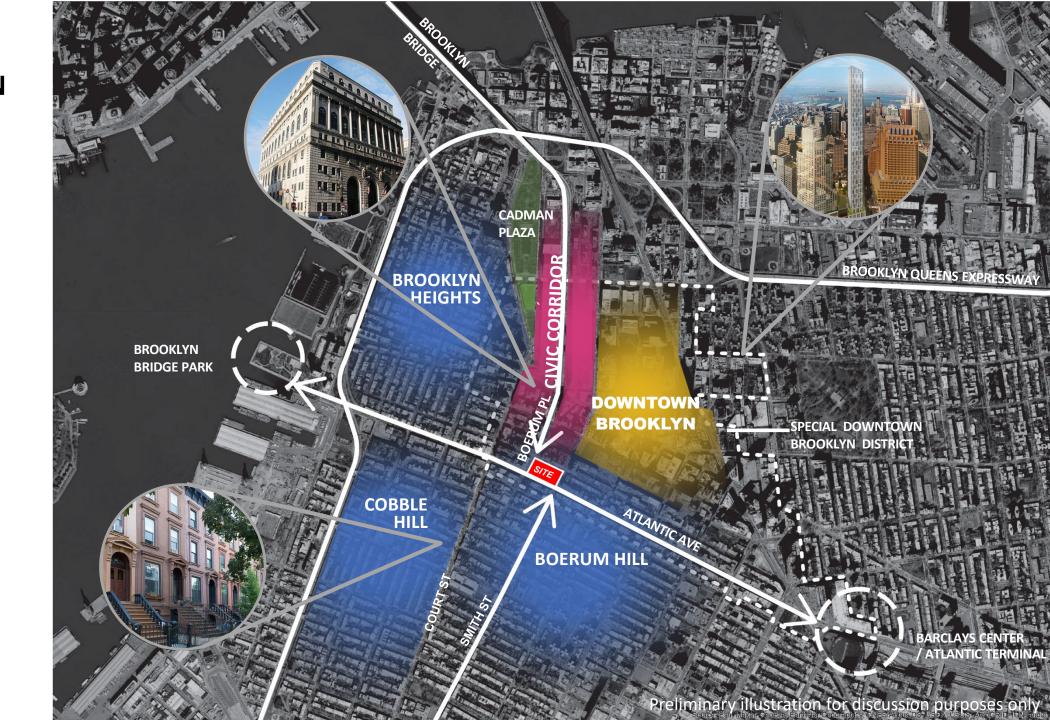
WHAT WE HEARD – IMPLEMENTING KEY TAKEAWAYS

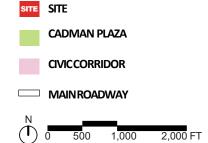
- Linked to the above, there was enthusiasm for the "sculpted by light" concept presented by the design team. Transparency and daylight were seen as emblematic of "designing for hope".
- In terms of the existing context, **brownstones** were seen as the most attractive architectural feature of the neighborhood. However, there was concern that the side of the proposed building that would relate to brownstones wasn't the closest side where the majority of brownstones are found.
- Although there was general enthusiasm for greater use of transparent materials for the jail, there were concerns raised that the **privacy of neighboring** residents should also be respected.
- **Design with people in custody in mind:** there was a strong desire to see a more forward-thinking jail facility one that facilitates growth and change, rather than focusing solely on punitive measures.

WHAT WE HEARD – STUDYING KEY TAKEAWAYS

- The use of artwork in the design was seen as very positive; as a way of getting both people in custody and the local community (particularly young people) a more hands-on role in the design of the facility. However, there were conflicting views on what the artwork should be: while some liked mosaics and historically-themed artwork, others felt these forms of art had been done too many times before and wanted something different. There were also questions about how the existing murals would be incorporated into the design.
- Incorporating greenery and bird safe glass was a very popular idea among the community. This included both for aesthetic/visual purposes, as well as for horticultural activities for people in custody.

INTERSECTION OF THREE IDENTITIES

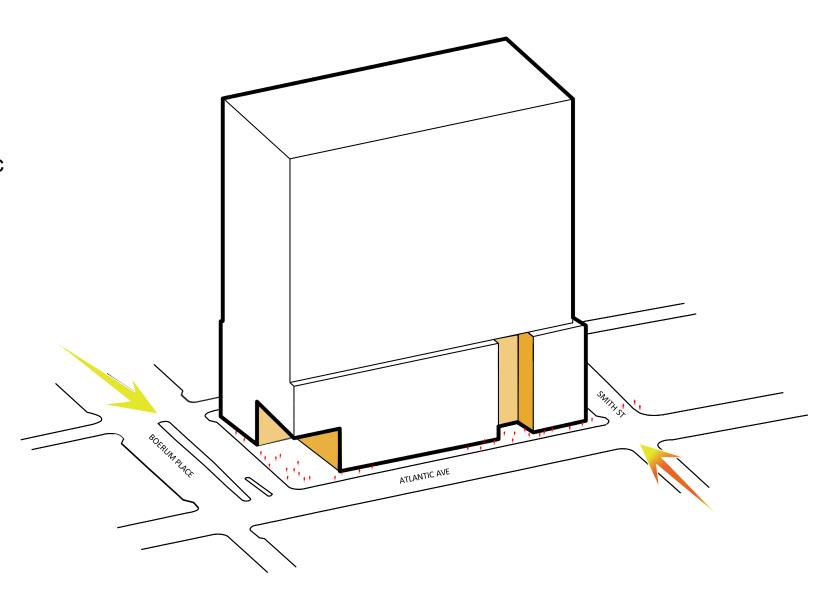




MASSING CONCEPT

MAIN ENTRANCE & PUBLIC PLAZA

- Public plaza on the corner of Atlantic
 Ave and Boerum Place
- Community space main entrance on Atlantic Ave

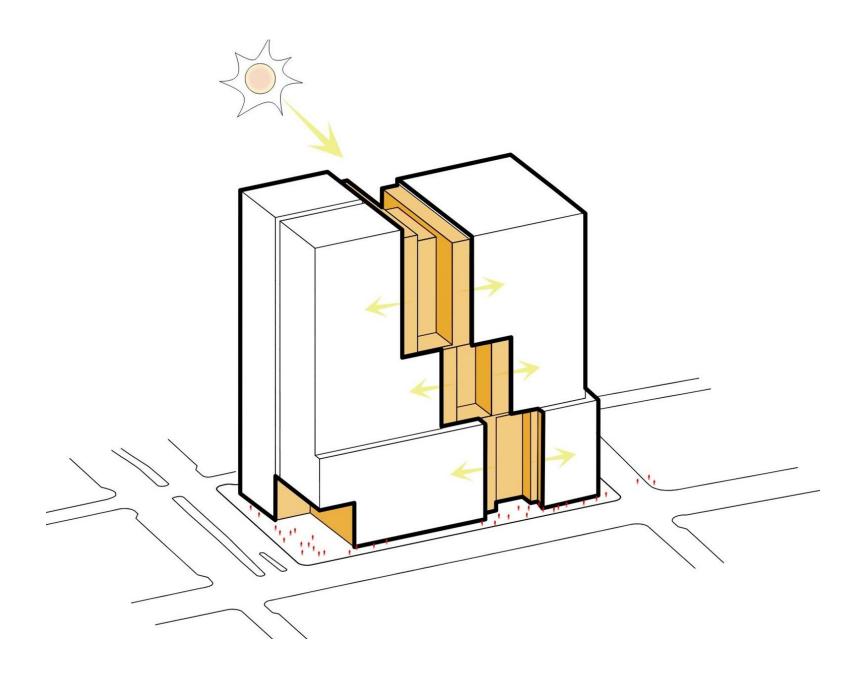


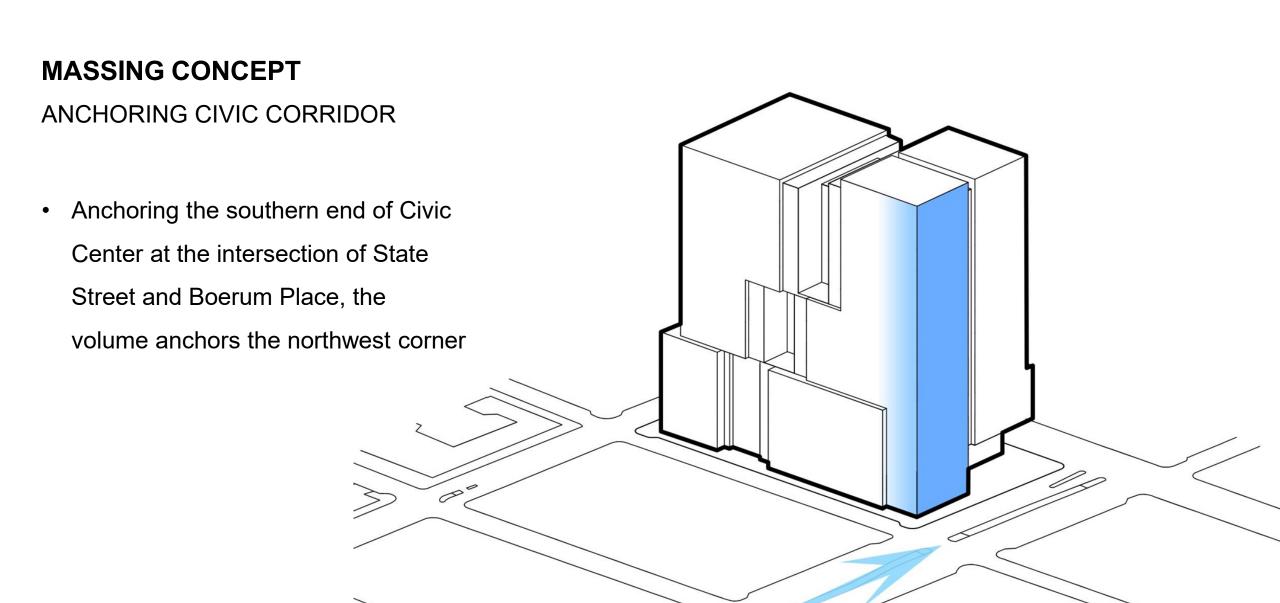
MASSING CONCEPT

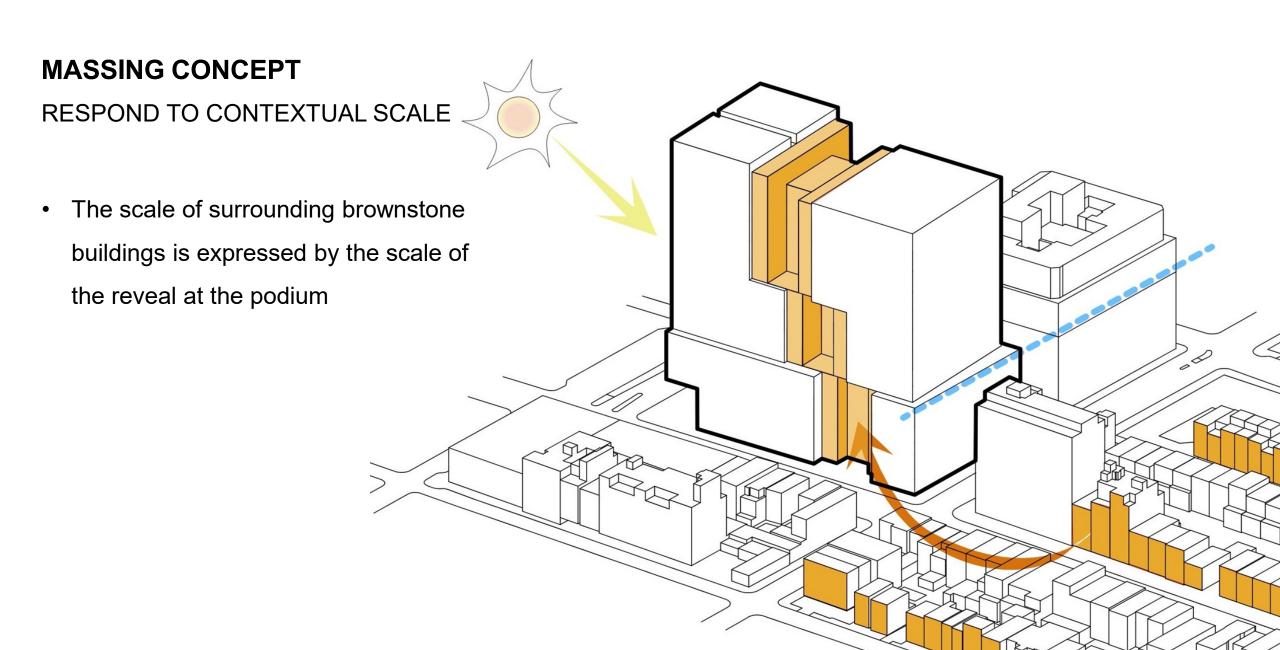
SCULPTED BY LIGHT

Design Updates

Maintain sculpted by light concept to optimize natural light and break down the scale of the building





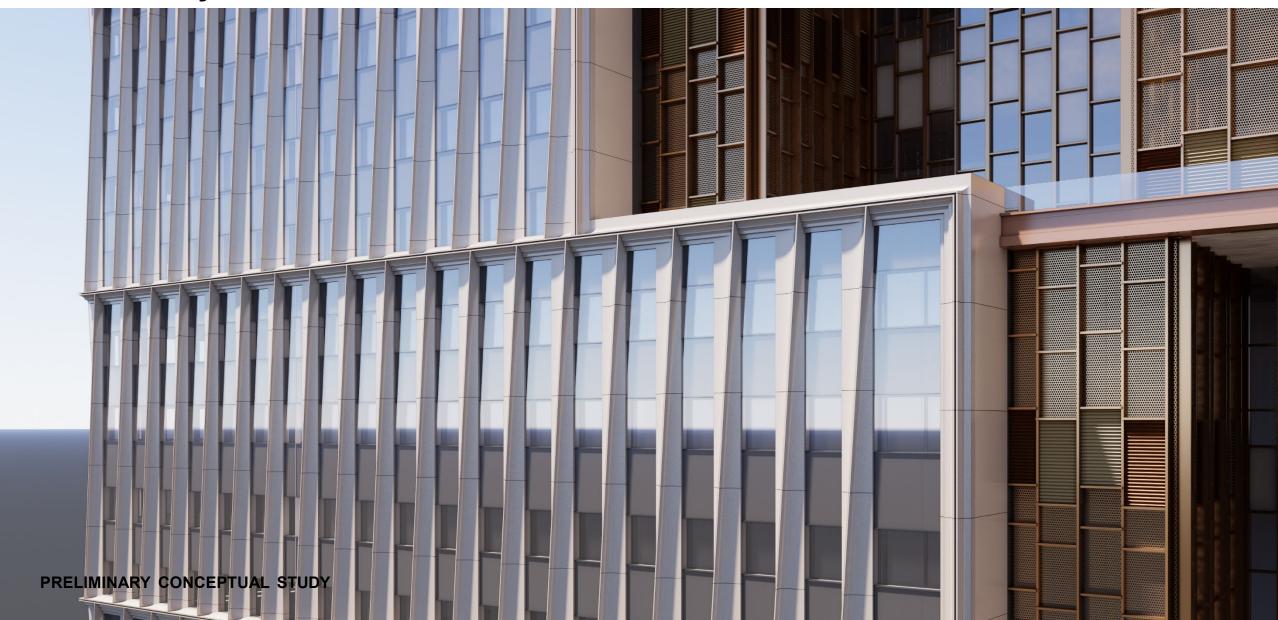








TYPICAL FAÇADE INITIAL DESIGN STUDY

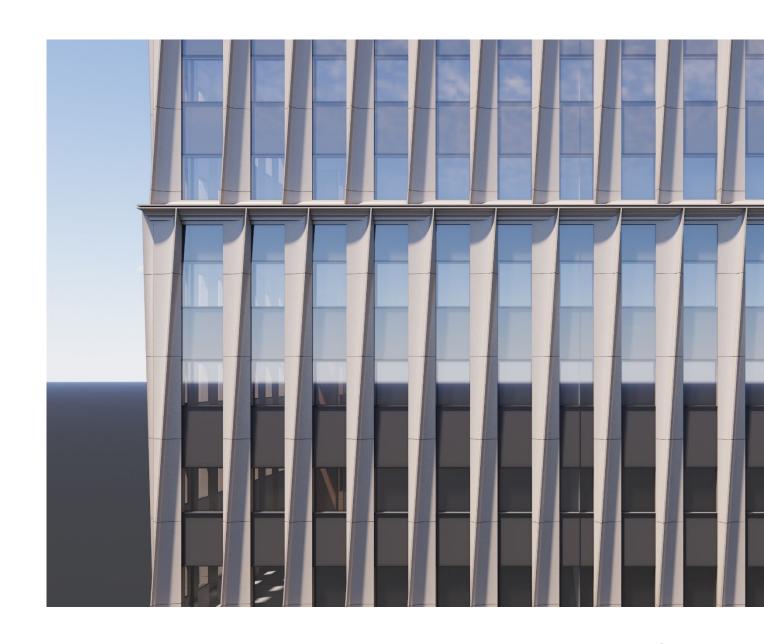


TYPICAL FAÇADE INITIAL DESIGN STUDY – TYPICAL FACADE

Design Updates

Bird Safe Glass will be specified

Low reflectivity glass will be prioritized, depth of vertical piers and horizontal elements reduce glare and reflectivity of glass



TYPICAL FAÇADE INITIAL DESIGN STUDY – RECREATION AREAS

Design Updates

Location of recreational yards minimizes adjacency with surrounding residential

Incorporation of screening minimizes sightlines and acoustic

Horticulture program is included, and greenery incorporated within



















RELATIONSHIP TO CONTEXT

CIVIC SCALE





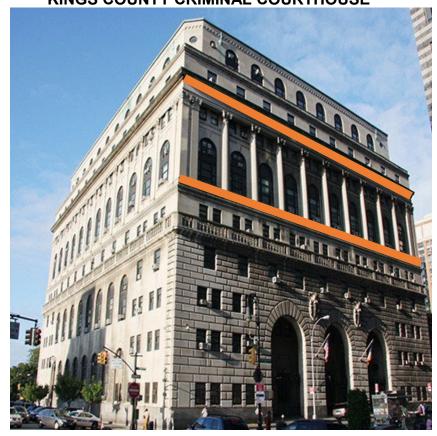


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RELATIONSHIP TO CONTEXT

CIVIC SCALE



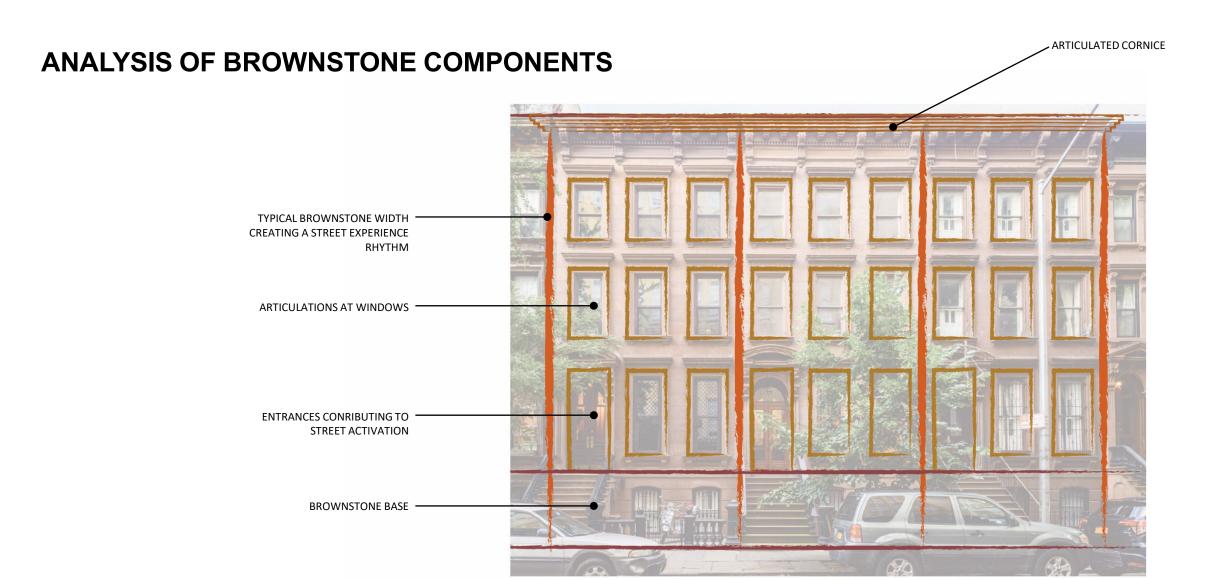




ANALYSIS OF BROWNSTONE COMPONENTS

NEIGHBORHOOD SCALE



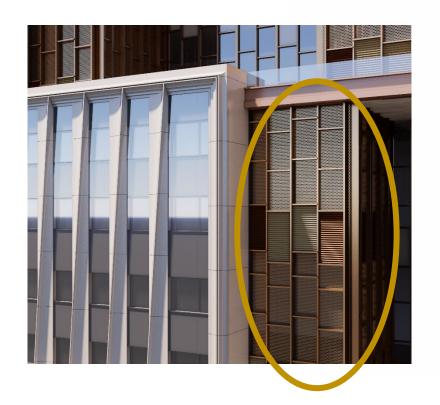


STREET SCAPE RHYTHM





ARTICULATIONS AT WINDOWS





INTEGRATED LANDSCAPE CONTRIBUTING TO COMMUNITY EXPERIENCE



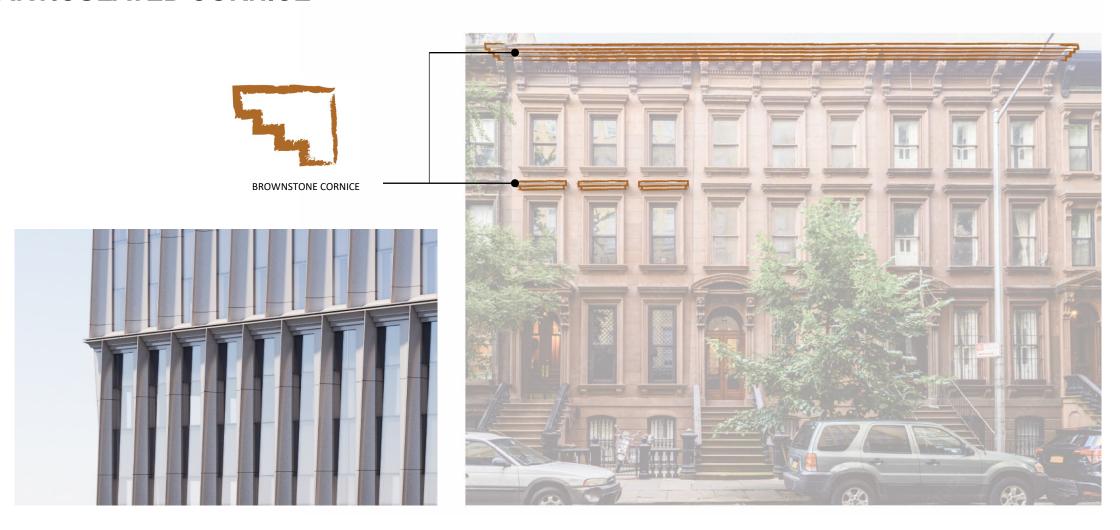
INTEGRATED LANDSCAPE AT PUBLIC PLAZA ALONG ATLANTIC AVENUE



INTEGRATED LANDSCAPE AT PUBLIC PLAZA ALONG BOERUM PLACE



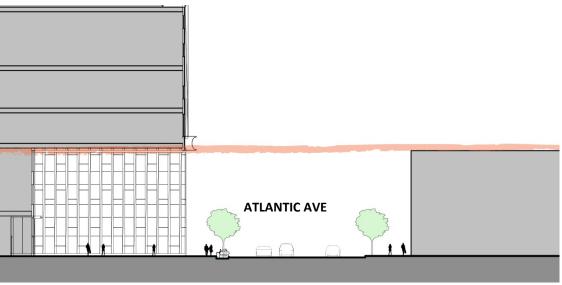
ARTICULATED CORNICE



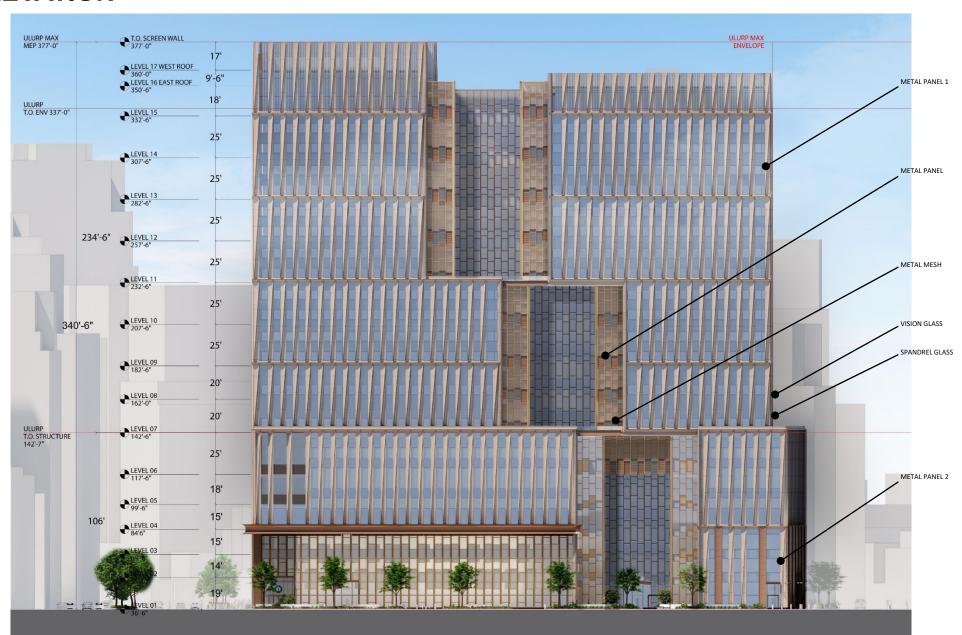
ENTRANCE PLAZA SCALE TO CONTEXT

NEIGHBORHOOD SCALE

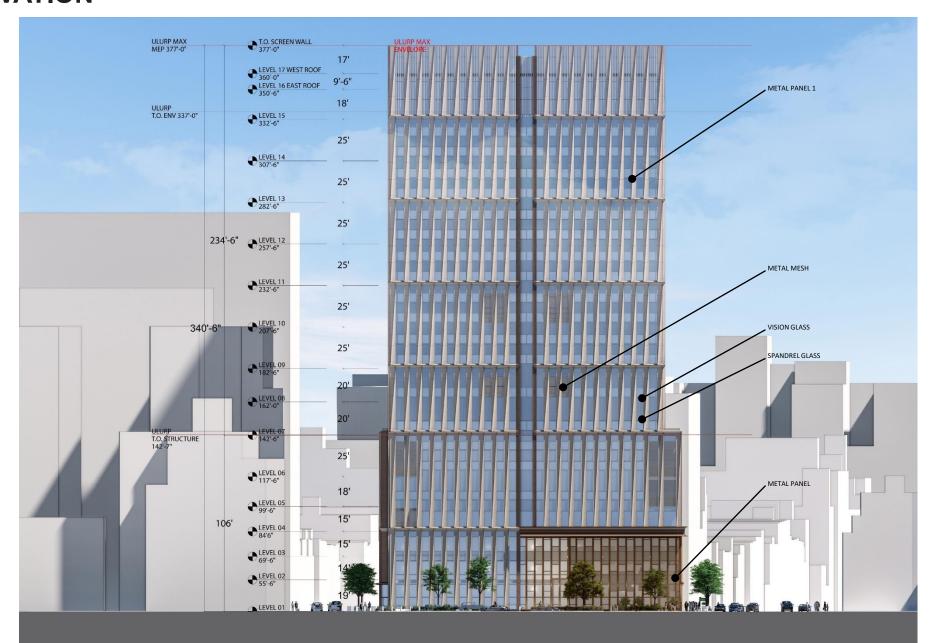




SOUTH ELEVATION



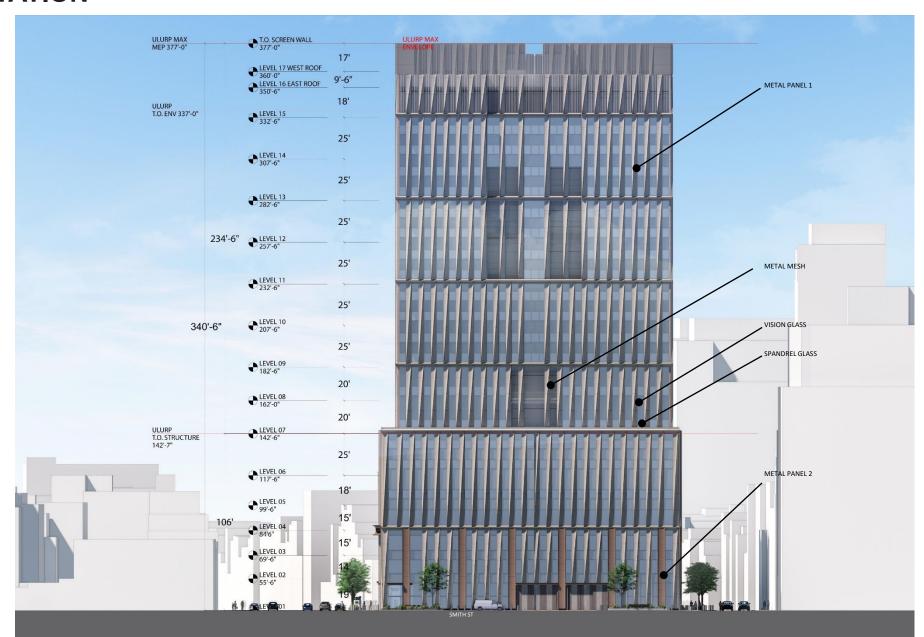
WEST ELEVATION



NORTH ELEVATION



EAST ELEVATION



MATERIAL BOARD



SOUTHWEST VIEW





SOUTHEAST VIEW





NORTHWEST STREET LEVEL VIEW





SOUTHWEST STREET LEVEL VIEW





SOUTHEAST STREET LEVEL VIEW





NORTHEAST STREET LEVEL VIEW

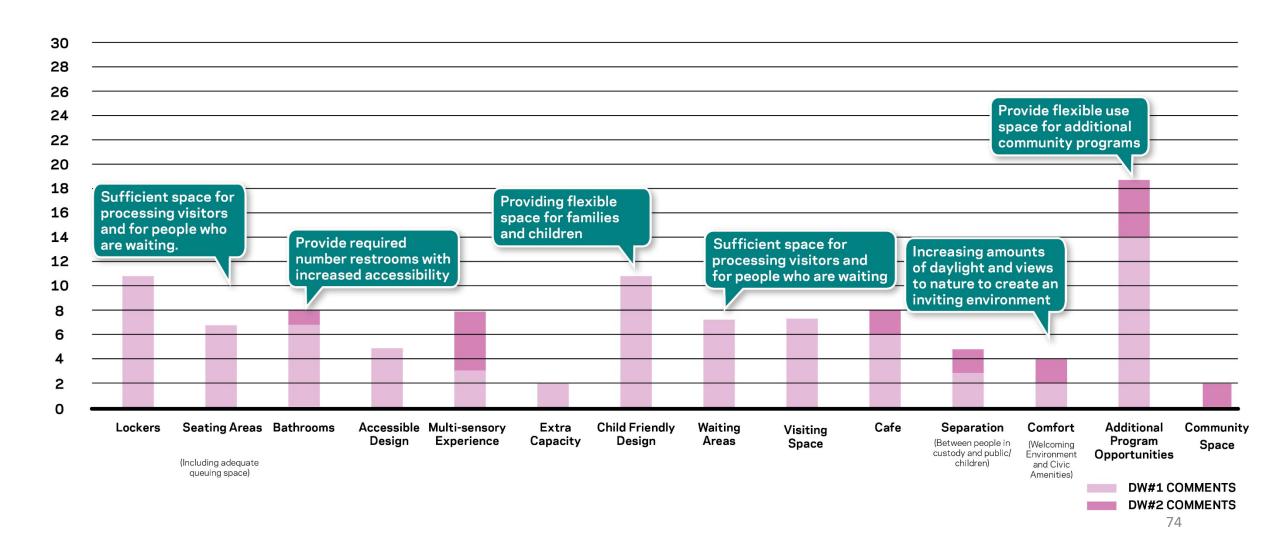




Brooklyn

Interior Public Spaces

WHAT WE HEARD - INTERIOR PUBLIC SPACE



WHAT WE HEARD – IMPLEMENTING KEY TAKEAWAYS

- The **security area should also be large enough to process visitors** and get them into the lobby safely and securely. It should also allow for appropriate separation between people in custody and public areas when they are being transferred.
- There was a high level of consensus to provide daylight and views from the
 visiting areas. To create a warmer, more inviting environment, there was a
 preference for natural materials and varied ceiling heights (rather than only providing
 double height spaces).
- Additional concerns included providing an adequate number of restrooms and accessible design.

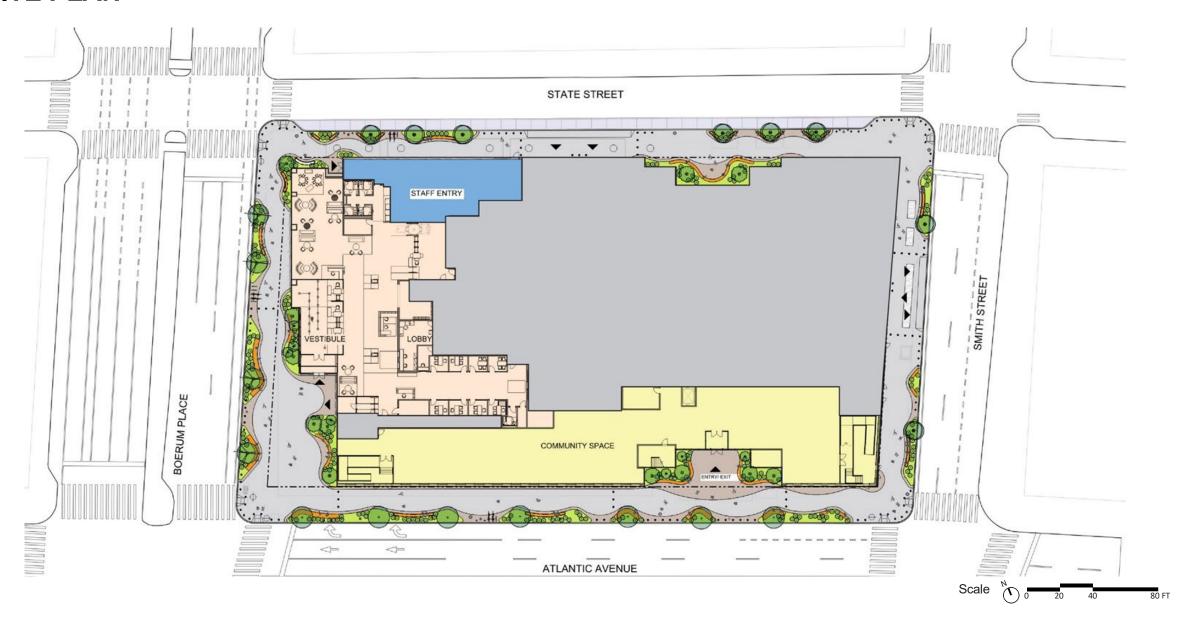
WHAT WE HEARD – STUDYING KEY TAKEAWAYS

• Providing adequate space for **families and children** was the most significant concern for the community. This was to ensure that visitors would not need to wait outside and to resolve the long lines currently faced by visitors.

WHAT WE HEARD – KEY TAKEAWAYS BEYOND THE SCOPE OF OUR PROJECT

- Incorporate a gallery space visible to the street for people in custody to showcase their art
- Provide facilities for community social outreach and local events and exhibitions

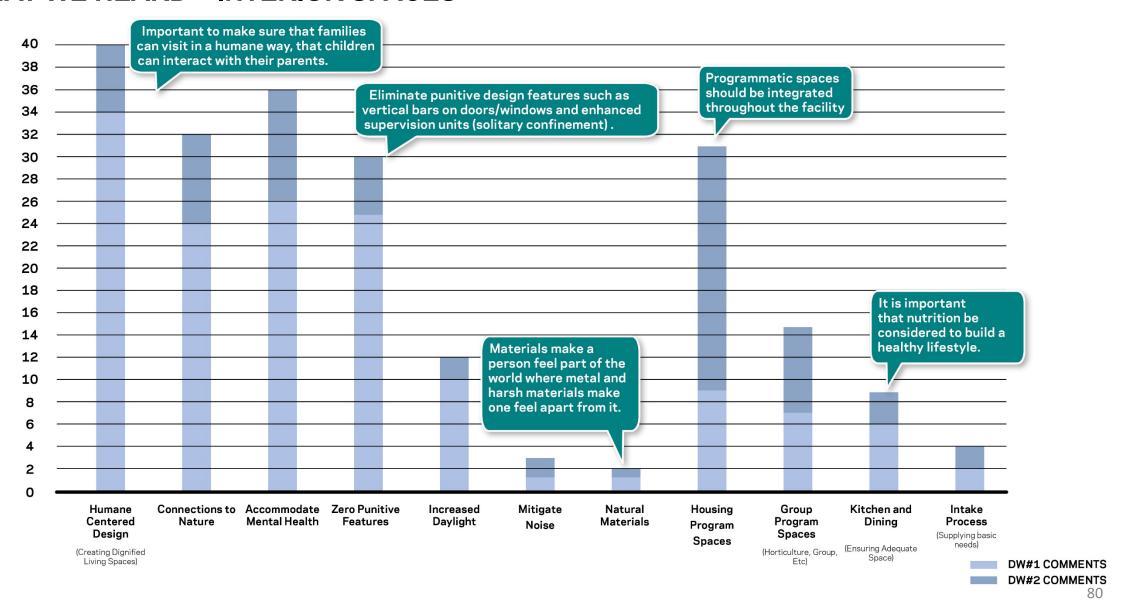
SITE PLAN



Brooklyn

Interior Spaces

WHAT WE HEARD - INTERIOR SPACES



WHAT WE HEARD – IMPLEMENTING KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Community members liked that the supervising staff areas were more
 integrated with people who live in the facility ("no bubble" for staff),
 allowing for more transparency and interaction and less isolation; however, there
 was concern if staff would use the spaces as designed and some asked if
 designers have visited previously completed facilities to see how the design is
 utilized in daily practice, and what are the lessons learned from this.
- There was concern that only terminology would be changed rather than
 the way the jail functions; for example, many wished to see solitary
 confinement "designed out", not just for it to be referred to by a different
 name.
- Community members emphasized that **programmatic space needs to be integrated throughout the facility**, including medical services that are easy to access on all floors. Some expressed concern that design alone cannot address this issue; staffing must be adequate to support the design.

WHAT WE HEARD – STUDYING KEY TAKEAWAYS

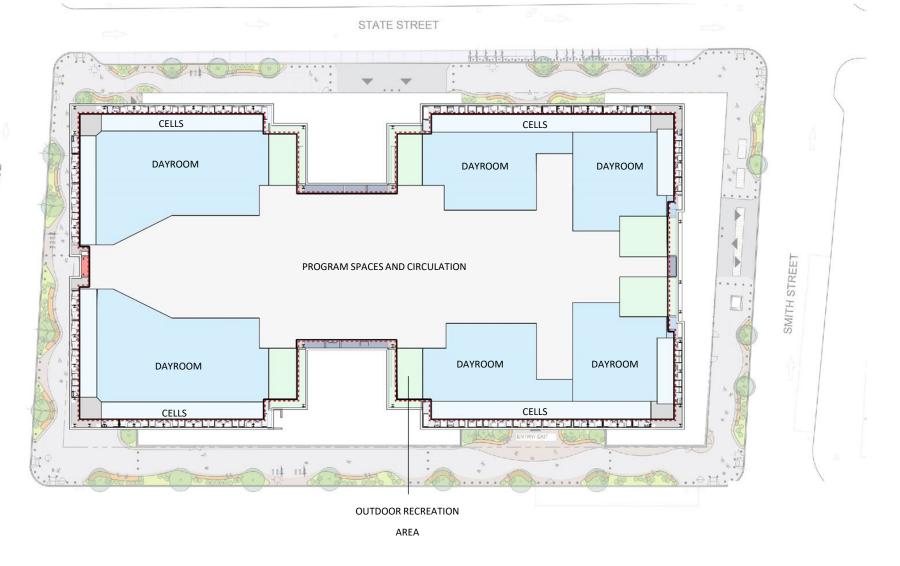
- There were follow-up questions about how/if feedback from formerly incarcerated persons or families of formerly incarcerated persons was collected and if it influenced design.
- Access to nature/outdoor space: many participants had questions as to whether outdoor areas were truly outdoors and had views to the sky and fresh air.
 Some also asked about Rikers' existing agriculture program and if it would be continued, and how the rooftop will be utilized.

WHAT WE HEARD - KEY TAKEAWAYS BEYOND THE SCOPE OF OUR PROJECT

- Concern over stacked housing/double-tiers creating a sense of claustrophobia or otherwise aggravating existing mental health concerns.
 Community members would like to see a rendering of the individual housing spaces (cells) at the next meeting; several there were questions about the design/placement of windows and natural light access within these spaces.
- General concern that interior spaces looked "too sterile" and needed more greenery.

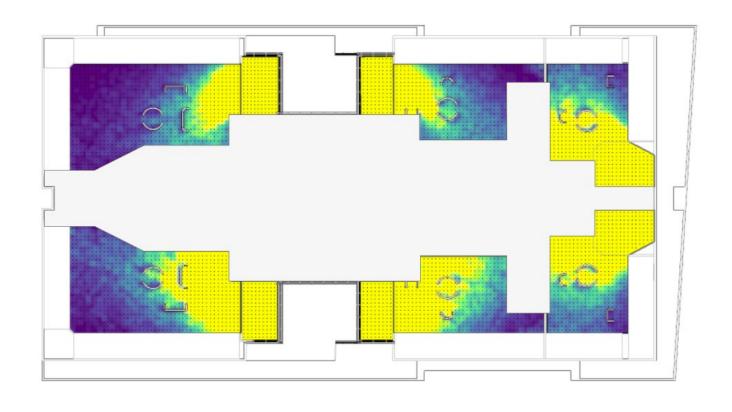
TYPICAL GENERAL POPULATION HOUSING

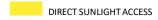
- Cells with direct access to daylight
- Generous day space
- Autonomy of access to outdoor recreation area
- Programs provide support through counselling & education



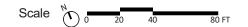


DAYLIGHT STUDIES – TYPICAL GENERAL POPULATION FLOOR



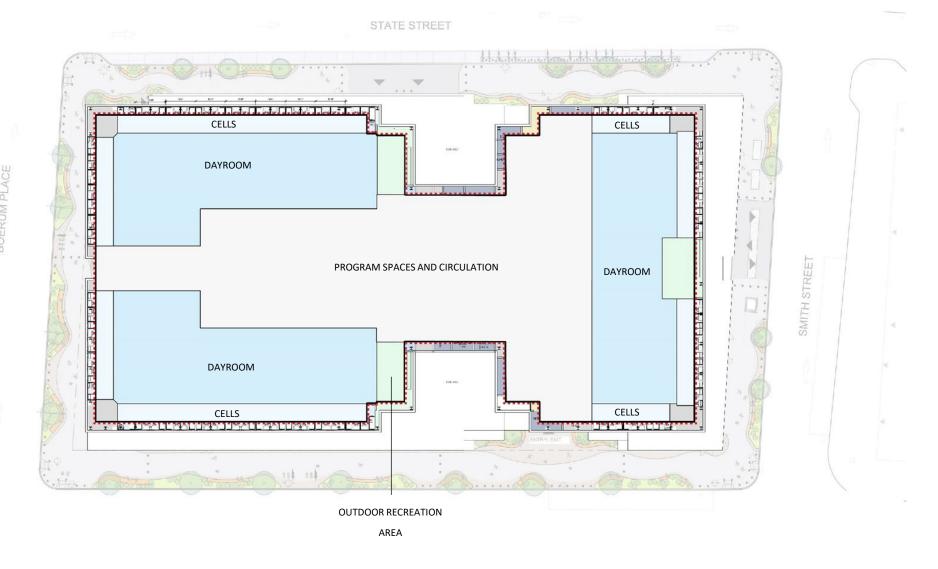


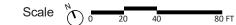




TYPICAL THERAPEUTIC HOUSING

- Direct access to clinicians
- Interior spaces will be developed based on principles of trauma informed design & neurodiversity
- Cells with direct access to daylight
- Generous day space
- Autonomy of access to outdoor recreation area
- Programs provide support through counselling & education

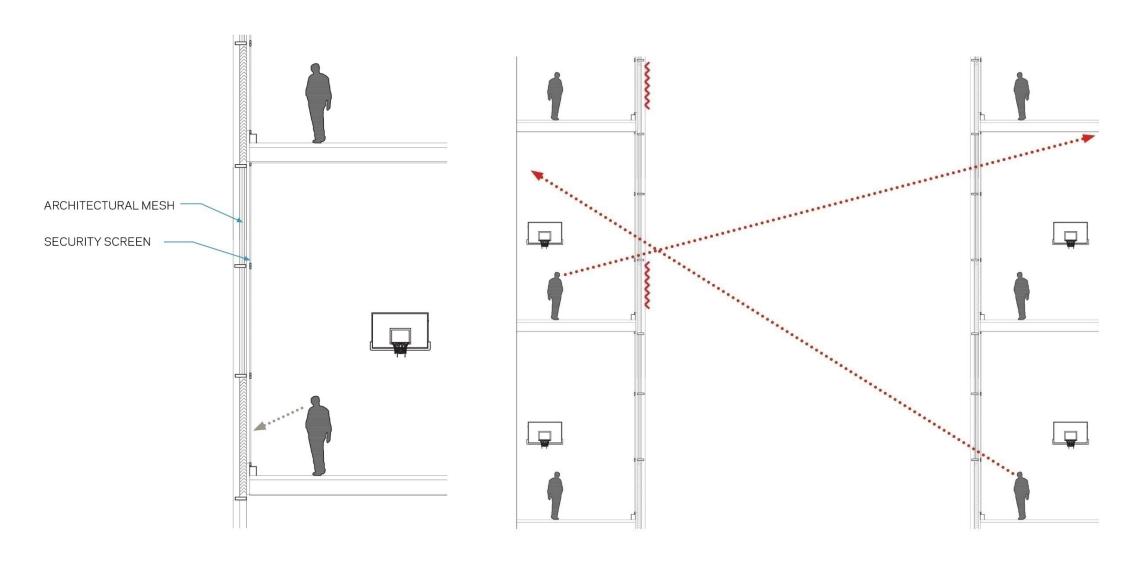




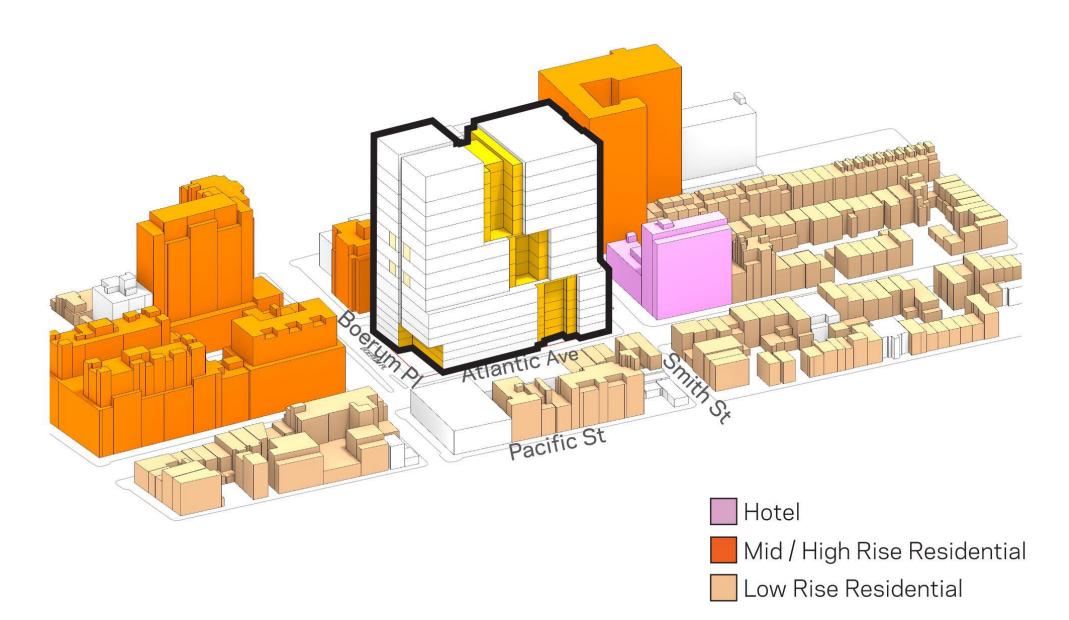




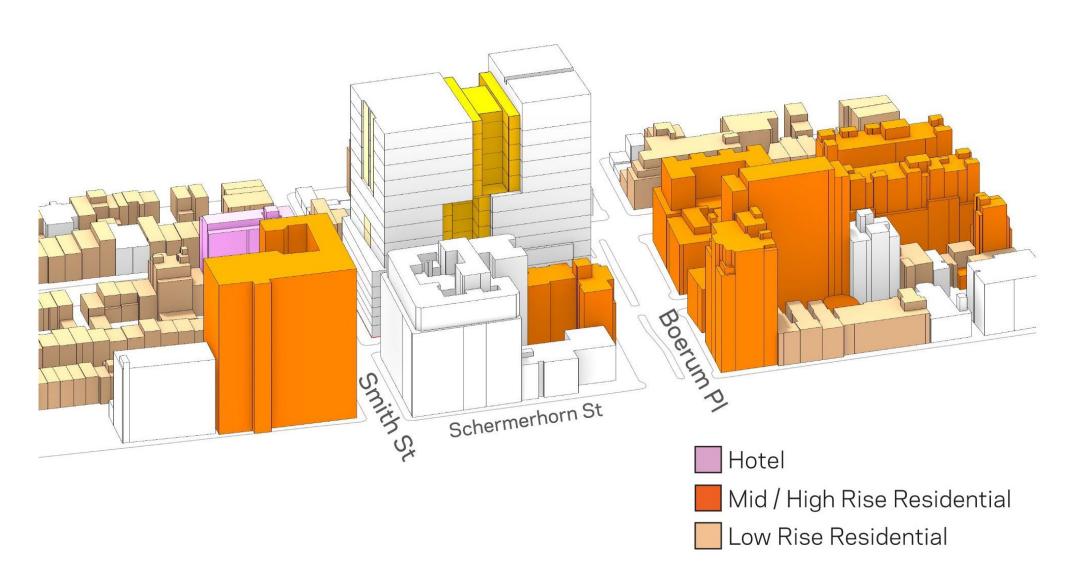
TYPICAL SECTIONS AT OUTDOOR RECREATION AREA



RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS AROUND THE SITE – VIEW FROM SOUTHWEST



RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS AROUND THE SITE – VIEW FROM NORTHEAST



HORTICULTURAL PROGRAM



