

Design Working Group Meeting #1

November 6, 2017

Justice Implementation Task Force

Agenda

- 1. Our charge (10 minutes)
 - a) Structure of the Justice Implementation Task Force
 - b) How we're working together
- 2. Presentation: overview of Rikers today (30 minutes)
- 3. Discussion (40 minutes)
- 4. Closing and next steps (10 minutes)

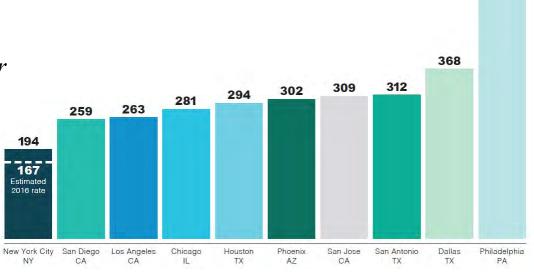


Jail population overview: context

New York City has the lowest incarceration rate of all large U.S. cities

- Down 50% since 1990

- Down 18% since the Mayor took office



Incarceration rate per 100,000 people (2014)



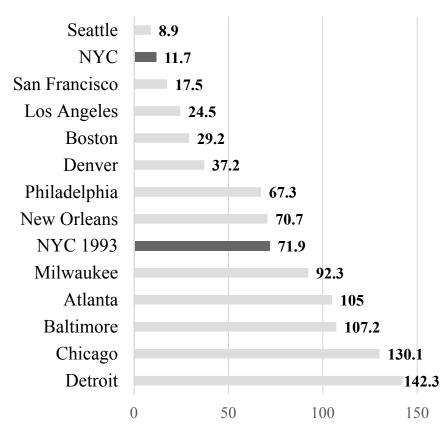
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Jail population overview: context

The size of the jail population has fallen alongside dramatic declines in crime

- Major crime down 76% since 1993, down 9% since Mayor took office
- 2016 was the safest year in CompStat history, with homicides down 5%, shootings down 12%, and burglaries down 15% from 2015

Non-fatal shootings (2016) (Rate per 100,000 residents)





Task Force background

The *Justice Implementation Task Force* combines existing efforts across the city, both inside and outside government, into one centralized body that shapes strategy and ensures effective implementation.

Smaller

Goal

Safely reduce the size of the jail population by 25% in the next five years

Baseline

18% decline in last three years ~\$50 million investment from the city in strategies to reduce jail use

Fairer

Goal

Change the culture and purpose of jail so staff and incarcerated individuals are treated with dignity and provided with opportunity

Baseline

City has already invested over \$90 million in support for corrections officers and programming for incarcerated individuals

Safer

Goal

Ensure that everyone who works, visits, and is incarcerated in city jails is in a safe, modernized, and humane facility as quickly as possible

Baseline

City has already invested \$1.2 billion to improve conditions in city jails



Task Force structure

Task Force Co-Chairs: Elizabeth Glazer, Zachary Carter

Research and Learning Advisory

- Emily Wang M.D., M.A.S., Yale School of Medicine
- Bruce Western, Harvard Kennedy School

Executive Steering Committee

Leadership from key city agencies and every part of the criminal justice system

Population

Co-chairs:

- · Karen Friedman Agnifilo, DANY
- Elizabeth A. Gaynes, Osborne Association
- Hazel Jennings, DOC
- Karen Shaer, Mayor's Office of Criminal Justice
- Honorable Joseph Zayas

Culture Change

Co-chairs:

- Soffiyah Elijah, Alliance of Families for Justice
- Julio Medina, Exodus Transitional Community, Inc.
- Jeff Thamkittikasem, DOC
- Patricia Yang, Health + Hospitals

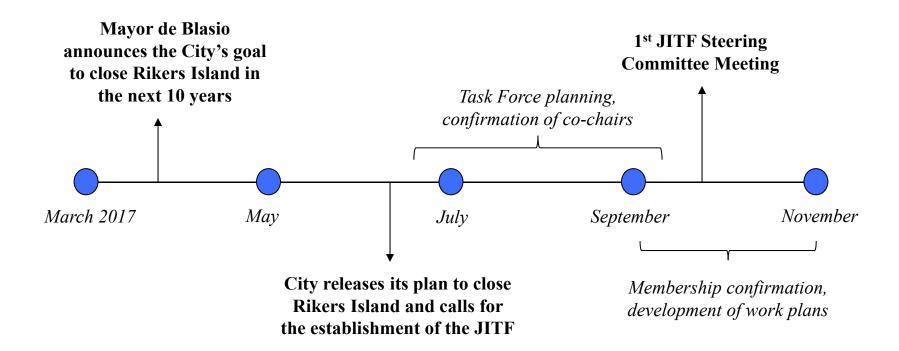
Design

Co-chairs:

- Ana Barrio, DDC
- Rosalie Genevro, Architectural League of New York
- Purnima Kapur, Department of City Planning
- Stanley Richards, BOC and The Fortune Society, Inc.
- Feniosky Peña-Mora, Columbia University
- Brian Sullivan, DOC



Task Force timeline





Plan for working together

- Each working group will be staffed by robust teams that leverage subject matter expertise, analytic capacity, and project management acumen to push the work forward.
- 2. Working Group participants can expect:
 - Detailed work plans;
 - Routine meeting times and reliable scheduling;
 - Advance agendas and materials;
 - Research and analytics to inform discussion and decision-making; and
 - Swift documentation of decisions and action items.
- Each meeting will involve a "now" and "future" component—to balance the implementation of changes on Rikers Island right now with a focus on innovation and planning for the future.

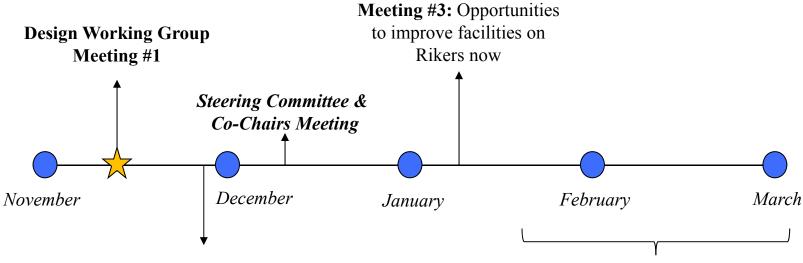


Working Group charge

The Design Working Group is charged with advising on policies to create jail facilities that encourage safety and opportunity for employees, volunteers, visitors, and incarcerated people by improving the City's existing facilities and envisioning a new jail system that does not rely on Rikers Island.



Anticipated meeting schedule



Meeting #2: Best practices and options for facilities design

Potential focus:

- Implementation of efforts to improve Rikers Island now
- Facilities design and mental health needs
- Learnings from preliminary research about best practices
- Design principles for future jails

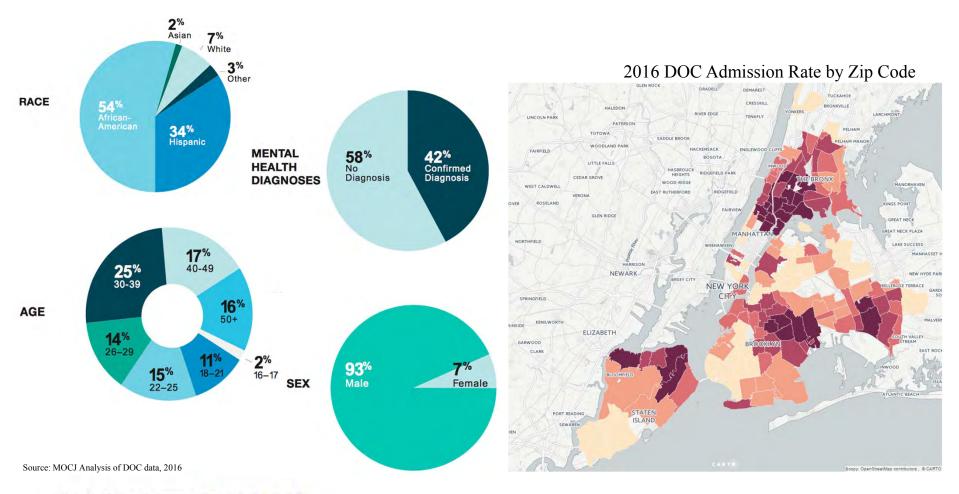


Agenda

- 1. Our charge (10 minutes)
- 2. Presentation: overview of Rikers today (30 minutes)
 - a) Brief jail population overview (MOCJ)
 - b) State of current jail facilities in New York City (MOCJ/DOC)
 - c) Strategies in the "Smaller, Safer, Fairer" report
- 3. Discussion (40 minutes)
- 4. Closing and next steps (10 minutes)

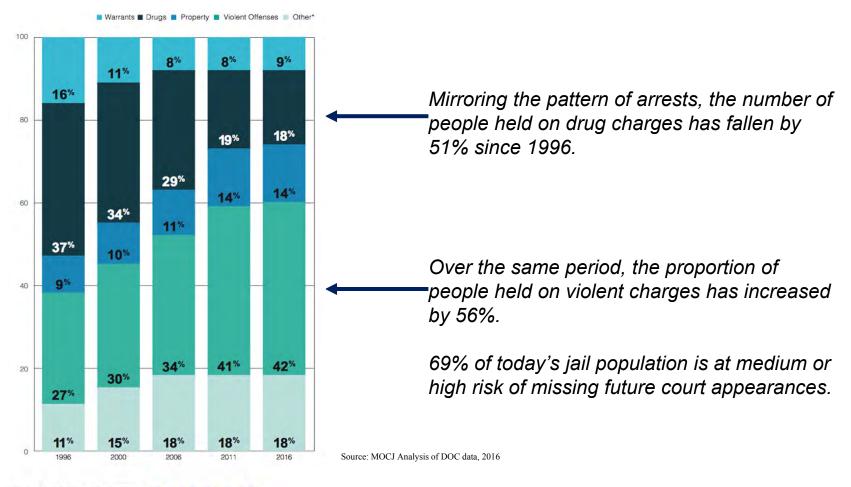


The majority of those in jail are Black and/or Hispanic, male, under age 40, and from the Bronx or Brooklyn





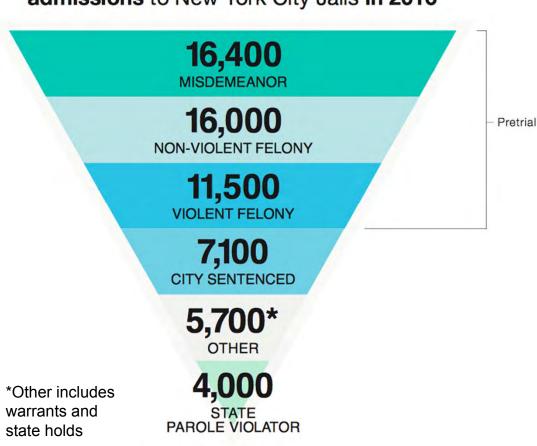
Fewer people are in jail for drugs, but more are in for violent offenses



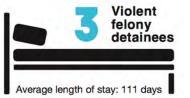


Bed savings occur when fewer people stay in DOC custody for shorter amounts of time

There were approximately **61,000** admissions to New York City Jails in **2016**

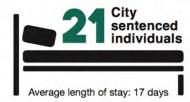


To save 1 bed annually, the system would need to divert or release, on average:



Non-violent felony detainees

Average length of stay: 75 days

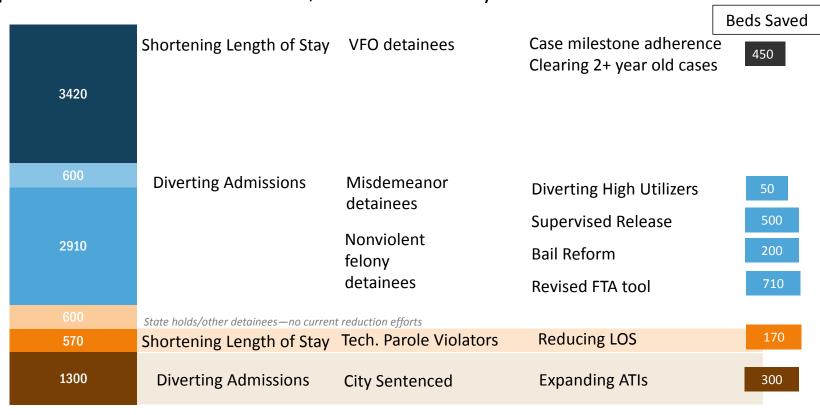






Interventions and target populations

DOC Pop. before interventions: 9,400 After 5-year interventions: 7000



Source: MOCJ Analysis of DOC data, 2016



Reducing Admissions: Supervised Release

Violent Felony Detainee, 3420

Misdemeanor Detainee, 600

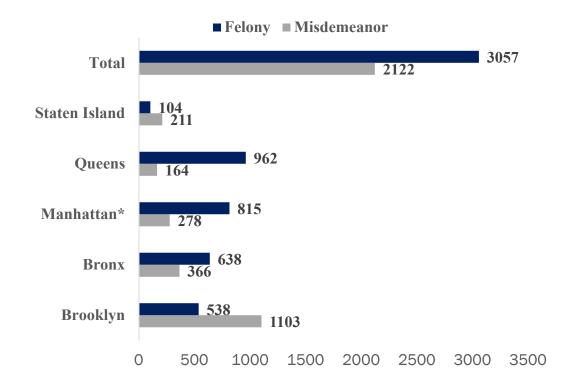
Nonviolent Felony Detainee, 2910

Other Detainee, 600

Parole Violator, 570

City Sentenced, 1300

Since March 2016, Supervised Release has diverted over 5000 individuals from jail; majority charged with nonviolent felonies



Source: Supervised Release Providers, 2017



Reducing Admissions: Bail Reform

Violent Felony Detainee, 3420

Misdemeanor Detainee, 600

Nonviolent Felony Detainee, 2910

Other Detainee, 600

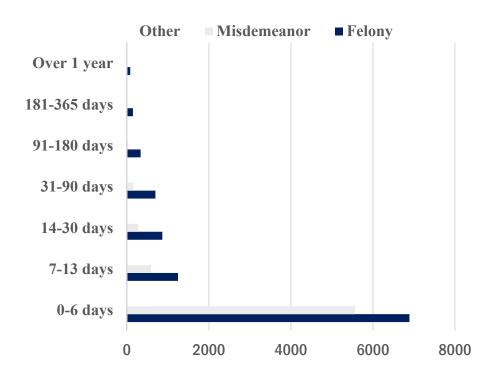
Parole Violator, 570

City Sentenced, 1300

Source: MOCJ Analysis of DOC data, 2016



Of the detainees who post bail after arraignment, the vast majority (74%) post bail within a week.



Reducing Admissions: Expanding Alternatives to Incarceration

Violent Felony Detainee, 3420

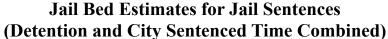
Misdemeanor Detainee, 600

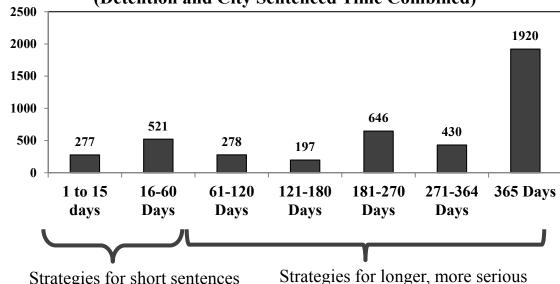
Nonviolent Felony Detainee, 2910

Other Detainee, 600
Parole Violator, 570

City Sentenced, 1300

Annually, approximately 800 beds are occupied by individuals ultimately sentenced to 60 days or under. 3,400 beds are occupied by individuals ultimately sentenced to 60 days to one year.





Strategies for short sentences (easier to reduce)

trategies for longer, more serious sentences (harder to reduce)

Source: MOCJ Analysis of DOC data, 2016



Reducing Length of Stay: Case Processing

Violent Felony Detainee, 3420

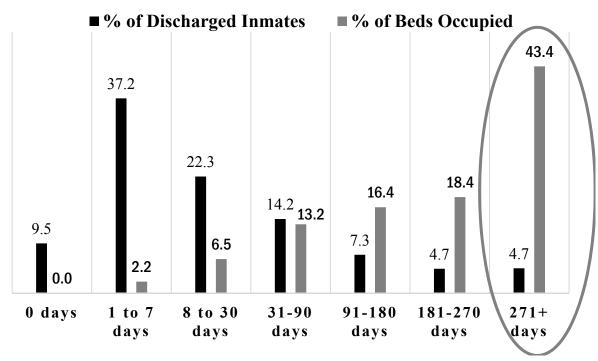
Misdemeanor Detainee, 600

Nonviolent Felony Detainee, 2910

Other Detainee, 600
Parole Violator, 570

City Sentenced, 1300

Five percent of DOC discharges occupy 43% of the annual beds. If the average length of detention for a non-homicide violent felony case were 20 days shorter than it currently is, there would be 450 fewer people in New York City jails today.



Source: MOCJ Analysis of DOC data, 2016

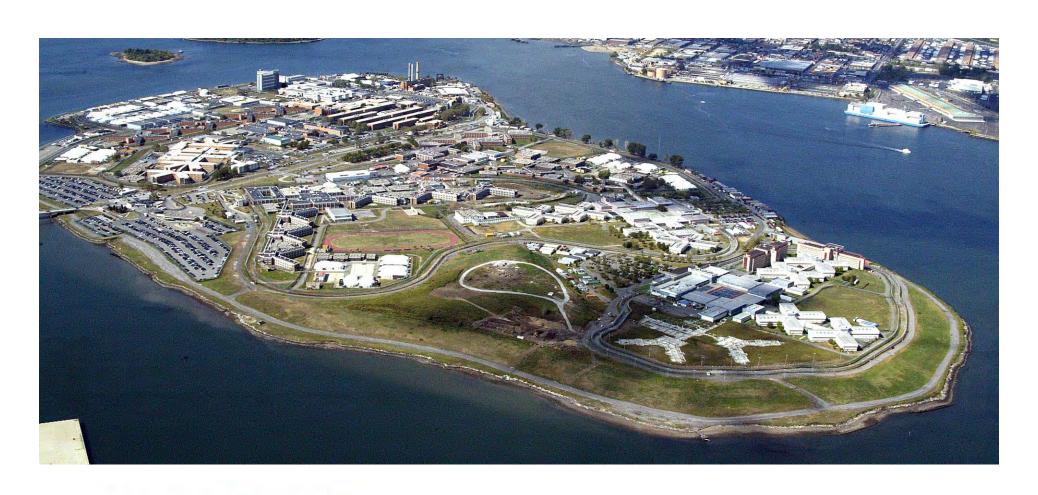


Interventions are projected to result in an ADP of 7,000 by 2022

Diverting Admissions	Projected Daily Population Reduction	
1. Revised Risk Assessments	710	
2. Bail Reform	200	
3. Expanded Pre-Trial Diversion	500	
4. Alternatives to Jail Sentences	300	
5. Behavioral Health Interventions	50	
6. Women-Specific Interventions	20	
Shortening Length of Stay		
7. Case Processing for Technical Parole Violators	170	
8. Case Processing for Pretrial Detainees	450	
Total Projected 5-year Reduction	2,400	



Facilities overview





Facilities overview

Rikers Island Facilities

Facility	Year Built	Current Bed Capacity	Notes
AMKC	1977	2,346	Detox Unit, Mental Health Center
RNDC	1972	1,023	All 16- and 17- year-olds
EMTC	1965	1,647	Sentences of less than 1 year
GMDC	1969	937	50 separate housing areas
GRVC	1991	883	Includes Punitive Segregation Unit
NIC	1935	338	Infirmary; special pops by end of year
OBCC	1985	1,212	Includes Enhanced Supervision Housing
RMSC	1988	1,287	Women's only facility
West Facility	1991	CDU-70	Contagious Disease Unit and special pops



Sources: DOC website, DOC census report, 11/2/17

Facilities overview

Borough Facilities

Facility	Year Built	Bed Capacity	Notes
BKDC	1957 (renovated 2011-13)	688	Most undergoing intake process or facing trial in Kings/Richmond County
MDC	1983/1990	876	North and South Towers—most undergoing intake process or facing trial in New York County. Includes special populations.
VCBC	1992	760	Detention facility for intake processing for both Bronx and Queens
QDC	1961	No overnight stays; holding only	Only the court facility is operating

Source: DOC website



Design strategies in the City's plan

Strategy	Status	
Repair all existing jail facilities, including those on Rikers Island.	In progress	
Move all 16- and 17-year-olds off Rikers Island (coordinated with RTA Task Force).	Planning for launch	
Expand dedicated housing for people with serious mental illness.	In progress	
 Use technology to reduce violence. a. Expand technology tools to ensure individuals get to medical and court appointments. b. Improve the grievance system. c. Implement full camera coverage on Rikers Island. 	a. Planning for launchb. Planning for launchc. In progress	
 <i>Improve officer safety.</i> a. Create a new DOC training academy and modern training curriculum. b. Ensure adequate, effective staffing levels at DOC. 	a. In progressb. In progress	



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- 2. Presentation: overview of Rikers today (30 minutes)
- 5. Discussion (40 minutes)
- 6. Closing and next steps (10 minutes)



Discussion questions

- What are the most pressing design or environmental issues with the current facilities on Rikers Island?
- What can we do to improve the existing facilities, beyond the strategies laid out in the report?



Discussion questions

- What is our overall vision for a new jail system? What are the ideal design principles or features of a future jail system in New York City?
- What special populations do we need to account for, and what are their needs?



Discussion questions

- What do we want to know more about? Where do we need additional research or data analytics?
- Where should we focus our efforts first?



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